

↓ Triangular sections peel up from the roof to accommodate highlight windows, and a sawtooth facade captures views.





At a glance

- Certified Passive House ensures comfort and low bills
- Prefabricated panel construction for thermal performance and reduced build time
- Living areas and main bedroom on one level for ageing in place
- Sawtooth shape captures sunlight and views

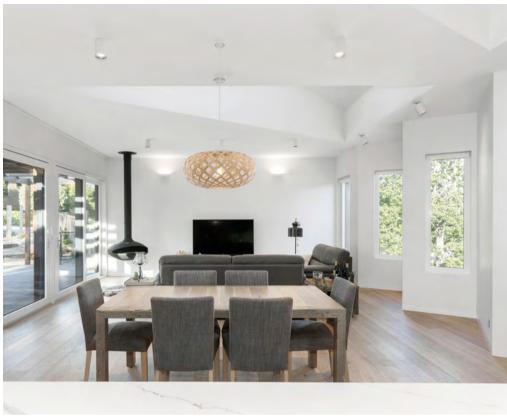
A Melbourne home pushes the boundaries of Passive House design, employing prefab panel construction to help break away from the typical boxy form to capture views and sunlight on a tricky site.

Bruce and Jenny Saward engaged Maxa Design for their build in Melbourne's east because they wanted a sustainable home. As the project evolved, however, they got more than they bargained for, with their new home achieving Passive House certification. Lead architect Sven Maxa had recently become a certified Passive House designer, and undertook a cost analysis for the couple of building a passive solar house using standard construction methods, versus the same design as a Passive House with the necessary material substitutions. "It was basically a cost-equal decision, with the benefit of a higher-performing outcome, so the Sawards said let's go for it," says Sven. Thinking outside the typical box of Passive House design, the Maxa Design team created a thermally comfortable home with a sawtooth roof and zigzag facade to take advantage of sunlight and views.

Bruce and Jenny were attracted to the site in Heathmont for the view across the hills and treetops to the Dandenong Ranges and for its potential for a northfacing home. They wanted a light and bright house with the living areas and main bedroom on one level for ageing in place, and they asked Maxa Design to assess the property before they purchased it to ensure they could achieve their desired home. "It was an interesting block of land with good opportunities but certainly some challenges," says Sven. The site sloped steeply to the south-east, with views to the east and south-east and tall trees partially blocking the north-west sun. "Something unique would be needed to resolve the site's complexities, but they bought the block with the confidence we could design a home that would work for them."

The house is aligned with the site's





On the lower level, a glazed bridge crosses the stream to connect the

self-contained studio to the guest rooms.

contours for a more cost-efficient solution, skewed south-east on the site to negotiate the fall of the land. Angling the house also provides views of the Dandenongs and brings northern light into the kitchen, dining and living area, and the lounge at the front of the house. The outdoor entertaining area is oriented to the north where the deck and landscaping - with native plantings, reticulated billabong and trickling stream - are visible to passers-by through the timber-post fence. "We didn't want a solid fence, because we wanted to feel connected to the street," says Jenny.

All living areas and the main bedroom suite and study are at street level for long-term useability into the couple's retirement years (and to meet the Liveable Home design guidelines), and stairs provide access to the lower level where there are two bedrooms for visitors, including interstate family. A glazed bridge that crosses the stream leads to a self-

In the living area, glazed doors to the north open onto a deck, while smaller windows to the east offer views to the distant hills.

contained studio which also has its own separate entry and a private patio; this is intended for longer-term visitors, tenants or even a carer in the future if it ever becomes necessary.

The architecture of the finished home is distinctive. "Certified Passive Houses do not normally look like this; they are typically very monolithic or boxlike in form," says Sven. "This home breaks down the common misconception that a Passive House has to be mundane architecture." Four triangular sections peel up from the roof, creating lofty vaulted ceilings inside and featuring highlight windows for north-east sun and to purge summer heat. The angular 'extrusions' continue along the south-east wall, with a sawtooth profile housing windows to frame the outlook. Sven explains that as each corner or angle in a Passive House must be treated as a thermal bridge and its impact on the thermal envelope assessed, these

Opening for Sustainable House Day Sunday 15 September 2019

For more information visit sustainablehouseday.com and search for 'Heathmont House'

sawtooth details increased the complexity of resolving the airtight design and the required thermal resistance to achieve certification: "It's certainly easier to certify a rectangular box!" To compensate, extra attention was paid to the insulation levels of the overall building fabric, including high-performance triple-glazed windows. Another factor setting this house apart is its use of prefabricated panel construction. Melbourne-based Carbonlite built the house using its Panellite construction system for walls, floor and roof. "Passive House designers are starting to lean towards structural

insulated panels (SIPs) because their precision fabrication makes it easier to achieve airtightness and continuous insulation around a building," says Sven, noting that they also offer quicker onsite build times. "We chose to work with Carbonlite because their product is specifically designed for use in Passive Houses and has been certified by the governing institute in Germany; this means it's been assessed for a range of factors including thermal performance and vapour permeability." He explains that this simplified the design process and certification of the Sawards' home. Elsewhere, Maxa Design specified natural materials wherever possible. Spotted gum timber and zinc panelling were used for cladding, and the decking and pergola are also spotted gum. The interior is white, dark grey and timber, and a tiled wall alongside the stairwell provides a beautifully textured feature. Collected rainwater is plumbed throughout the

house with mains backup for extended dry periods.

It is an all-electric home. Heating and cooling is via a 3kW split system integrated into the heat recovery ventilation system, which greatly reduces the size of the system required for a house of this size, and ensures even distribution. It was something of a trial system at the time, and the system designer emphasises that integrated air conditioning units like this are really only suitable for Passive Houses due to their very low heating and cooling requirements.

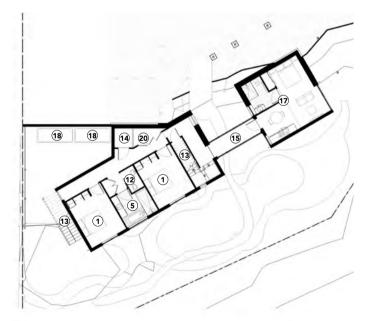
In fact, the heating and cooling demands of the Sawards' house (respectively 12kWh/m²a and 11kWh/m²a: kilowatt-hours per square metre of floor area, per year) more than meet Passive House requirements, and Jenny describes their home as being very comfortable and peaceful. "It is quite lovely to have a home that has a consistent temperature," she says. 9



GROUND FLOOR PLAN

16 2 (2) 16

LOWER FLOOR PLAN



- **LEGEND**
- 1) Bedroom
- (2) Living
- (3) Kitchen
- 4 Dining
- (5) Bathroom
- **6** Laundry
- ② Entry 8 Study
- Storage
- 10 Pantry

- 11 Walk-in robe
- (12) Toilet
- (13) Stairs
- (14) Future lift
- 15 Bridge

- (16) Deck
- (7) Self-contained studio
- (18) Rainwater tank
- 19 Garage
- 20 HRV system

HOUSE SPECIFICATIONS

HOT WATER

• Sanden Eco Plus CO, heat pump

RENEWABLE ENERGY

- 2.8kW solar PV system with LG Neon2 320W solar panels and Enphase S270 microinverters
- Provision for future battery installation

WATER SAVING

- Water collection and usage calculated using Renew's 'Tankulator' website
- 13,500L rainwater storage in corrugated steel water tanks plumbed to the entire house and garden, including a separate tank and pump for the recirculating billabong and stream
- Davey Rainbank pump, 2-stage particle filter and UV filter
- 4 to 6 Star WELS-rated fixtures

PASSIVE DESIGN, HEATING & COOLING

- Lightweight building prioritising climateappropriate insulation, airtightness and reduced thermal bridging in line with Passive House guidelines
- Certified Passive House; data summary: treated floor area 271.2m², heating load 7.9W/m², cooling & dehumidification demand 4.9kWh/m²a, pressure test 0.56ACH, PER (Primary Energy Renewable) demand 33kWh/m²a

ACTIVE HEATING & COOLING

 Zehnder Q450 heat recovery ventilation system (approx 60W) coupled with a 3kW Daikin bulkhead reverse-cycle air conditioner (COP approx 3)

BUILDING MATERIALS

- Walls: Carbonlite Panellite panels pine frame with R4 Bradford Gold Batts, Pro Clima Solitex Extasana external membrane, Pro Clima Intello internal membrane and cavity battens. Total system performance of R4.3
- Upper floor: engineered prefabricated suspended flooring system consisting of LVL (laminated veneer lumber) and structural plywood (insulated where cantilevered to R5)
- Lower floor: 130mm concrete slab on ground insulated with 100mm Kingspan Kooltherm K3 insulation board; total system R5

- Roof: LVL and I-joists prefabricated by Carbonlite, insulation of R5; total system R5.5
- External cladding: shiplap joint spotted gum, Alpolic non-combustible aluminium composite panel, painted fibre cement sheet
- Timber decking and pergola: spotted gum
- Roof sheeting: Colorbond Custom Orb and Lysaght Trimdeck
- Cabinets: Nikpol Super E0 melamine-faced particle board

WINDOWS & GLAZING

 Neuffer Eco Plano Passive House certified triple-glazed aluminium and timber composite framed doors and windows; approx average U-value 1.0W/m²K, approx average SHGC 0.54 (glass only)

LIGHTING

 All LED, supplied by Richmond Lighting, including Brightgreen D900 (16W), D550 (9W) & W200 cube (3.5W)

PAINTS, FINISHES & FLOOR COVERINGS

• Ecolour EcoLiving interior paints

OTHER ESD FEATURES

- All-electric house with V-Zug induction cooktop
- Highly energy-efficient appliances

DESIGNER

Maxa Design

BUILDER

Carbonlite

PROJECT TYPE

New build

LOCATION

Heathmont, VIC

SIZE

House 293m² Bedsit 36m² Land 868m²

ENERGY RATING

Certified Passive House; 6.9 Stars

INSIGHTS

"This home breaks down the common misconception that a Passive House has to be mundane architecture."

Sven Maxa Maxa Design



The heat recovery ventilation system, an important component of a Passive House, is housed in a special cupboard downstairs.